MOLYTEC AUSTRALIA, Unit 1, 9 Stee	l St, Capalaba, QLD Australia, 4157
Tel. for Information: (07) 3245 2355	Fax for Information: (07) 3245 2499
Last Updated: February 2011	Page 1 of 3
Material Safety Data Sheet	MOLYTEC Liquid Spanner Aerosol

# Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC.

. Chemical Product / Company Identification

Product Name: Molytec Liquid Spanner

Product Type: Releasing Fluid

Product Size: 400g Aerosol Part No. M890

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosol UN No.: 1950 DG Class: 2.1

Sub Risk: Nil Hazchem Code: 3WE Poisons Schedule: n/a

Product Use: Penetrating and releasing fluid applied by aerosol spray.

Company Details: Molytec Australia P/L 1/9 Steel St Capalaba QLD Australia 4157

Phone: 07 3245 2355 Fax: 07 3245 2499

2. Hazards Identification

Hazard Category

Xi Irritant

F Flammable

Risk Phases

R10 Flammable

R36 Irritating to eyes

R37 Irritating to respiratory system

R38 Irritating to skin

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

3. Composition and Information on Chemical Ingredients

Chemical Entity CAS No. Proportion % Turpentine substitute 64742-88-7 30-60 Propane 74-98-6 10-30 Butane 68513-65-5 10-30 Materials determined to be non hazardous Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 0-10

## 4. First Aid Measures

**Swallowed** Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing.

Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300mL (8 to 10 oz.) of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, rinse mouth and repeat administration of

water. Obtain medical attention immediately.

Eye Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 20 minutes, by the

clock, holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye.

Obtain medical attention immediately.

**Skin** Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. As quickly as possible, flush contaminated

area with lukewarm, gently running water for at least 20 minutes, by the clock. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical attention immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and

leather goods before re-use, or discard.

Inhaled If symptoms are experienced, remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. Keep patient

warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or has stopped administer artificial respiration. Seek medical

attention if any effects persist.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Respiratory failure is the greater risk from overexposure to hydrocarbon

solvents. Where decontamination indicates lavage, ensure a cuffed endotracheal tube is used.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

**Emergency Response** (See Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties for Autoignition temp and exposure limits.)

Small Fire Use water spray, dry chemical or CO2

Large Fire -Use water spray and fog

-Fight fire from protected position or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles

-If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Do not approach hot containers

-Cool containers with water before handling

-If impossible to extinguish fire, protect surroundings, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames) within at least 15m. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. All equipment used when handling the product must be earthed. Restrict access to area until completion of clean up. Ensure clean up is conducted by trained personnel only. Wear protective clothing including facemask, face shield and gauntlets. Ventilate the area. Prevent material from entering sewers or confined spaces. Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with earth, sand, or inert, absorbent material. Small spills of solution: soak up with absorbent material. Put material in suitable, covered, labelled containers. Flush area with water preventing runoff entering drains. Large spills: contact fire and emergency services for advice.

**Disposal:** Review federal, state and local government requirements prior to disposal.

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Last Updated: February 2011	Page 2 of 3
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#### 7. Safe Handling Information

Storage: -Store in original containers in approved flameproof area

-DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped.

-No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources. -Keep containers securely sealed. Contents under pressure.

-Store away from incompatible materials.

-Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area in an upright position out of direct sunlight.

-Avoid storage at temperatures higher than 40°C

-Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.

#### **Exposure Control and Personal Protection** 8.

**Exposure Limits** No exposure standards have been established for this material. Exposure standards

> recommended by NOHSC for some ingredients are as follows: STEL Propane Asphyxiant

> Butane 800ppm

Turpentine substitute 790mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ethyl Acetate 1400mg/m<sup>3</sup> 400ppm

Use in well ventilated areas. Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations **Engineering Controls** 

below Exposure Standards. Use with local flameproof exhaust ventilation or while wearing organic vapour respirator. Vapour is heavier than air - prevent concentrations in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected. Explosive gas

atmospheres may form, for further information refer to AS 2430.

**Personal Protection Respirator Type** 

**Flammability** 

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. An approved organic vapour respirator should be used. Respiratory protection should comply with AS/NZS 1715 and

AS/NZS 1716

**Eye Protection** Safety glasses or chemical goggles. Failure to do so may result in eye damage if an accident

occurs. Consult AS 1336 & AS/NZ 1337 for information about eye protection.

**Glove Type** Available information suggests gloves made of nitriles, viton, neoprene or other similar solvent

resistant material. Keep solvent contact to a minimum. For help in selecting suitable gloves

consult AS2161

Clothing Overalls or similar protective clothing. Consult AS 2919 for advice.

Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking, or using the toilet. Wash contaminated

clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using. -Heat or damage to containers may release flammable gases

Fire Hazards -Containers will explode when heated - ruptured containers will rocket

-Released gases may form explosive mixtures with air in confined spaces

-Released gases may travel to source of ignition and flash back

-Organic chemicals may form flammable dust clouds in air; will burn if involved in fire

-Fire may produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive gases.

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance & Odour: Clear brown liquid

between 77° to 195°C (for liquid concentrate) **Boiling Point:** 

**Specific Gravity:** 0.78 (for liquid concentrate) Solubility in Water: Soluble (for liquid concentrate)

400Kpa @ 25°C (propane/butane blend propellant) Vapour Pressure:

Flash Point: -17°C (propane/butane blend propellant)

Flamm. Limits: 1.5% to 9.6% in air (v/v)(propane/butane blend propellant)

**Autoignition temp:** 494°C to 600°C (propane/butane blend propellant)

PH: Not Available Percent volatiles: approximately 70%

## Stability and Reactivity

-Vapour is highly flammable

-Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame

-Vapour forms explosive mixture with air

-Vapour may travel considerable distance to source of ignition -Heating may cause expansion with violent container rupture -Aerosol cans may explode on exposure to naked flames -Rupturing containers may rocket and scatter burning materials

-Hazards may not be restricted to pressure effects

-Organic chemicals may form flammable dust clouds in air; will burn if involved in fire

-May emit acrid, poisonous or corrosive fumes

-On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO)

-Other combustion products include carbon dioxide (CO2)

Conditions to avoid: See "Safe Handling Information" (Section 7).

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Last Updated: February 2011	Page 3 of 3
Material Safety Data Sheet	MOLYTEC Liquid Spanner Aerosol

## 11. Toxicological Information

**Health Effects** 

Acute
If swallowed will cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach lining. May result in nausea,

Swallowed
pain and vomiting. Severe lung damage can occur if solvents are aspirated into lungs.

Eye
May cause moderate eye irritation with tearing, pain, redness and possible temporary

impairment of vision. Contact with liquefied gas will cause severe damage.

**Skin** Prolonged contact with skin may have a de-fatting effect which may lead to irritation and in

some cases irritant contact dermatitis. Contact with liquefied gas can result in cold contact

burns.

Inhaled Inhalation of solvent vapour may cause nose and throat irritation. Inhalation of solvent vapour

may result in nervous system effects such as dizziness, nausea, headache and sleepiness. Overexposures are irritating to the respiratory system. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. Intentional 'sniffing' or inhalation of high levels of concentrated toluene vapours can result in death from cardiac arrest

due to ventricular fibrillation, particularly in the case of children or adolescents.

<u>Chronic</u> Prolonged or repeated skin contact may lead to irritation contact dermatitis. Chronic solvent

inhalation may cause kidney and liver damage and blood changes.

## 12. Ecological Information

Not Available

#### 13. Disposal Considerations

Recommended method of disposal: Dispose of according to Federal, State and local government regulations. EPA hazardous waste number: Not a RCRA hazardous waste.

#### 14. Transport Information

Transportation: S5

UN 1950 Class 2.1

Incompatible products:

Flammable gases shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same

freight container with:
-Class 1 explosives

-Class 3 flammable liquids (where both flammable liquids and gases are in bulk)

-Class 4.1 flammable solids

-Class 4.2 spontaneously combustible substances -Class 4.3 dangerous when wet substances

-Class 5.1 oxidising agents -Class 5.2 organic peroxides -Class 7 radioactive substances

## 15. Regulatory Information

None Available

#### 16. Other Information

Users should verify the currency of this data sheet if more than 5 years old. The information contained in this material safety data sheet is believed to be accurate on the date of issue and in accordance with the information available to us. Persons dealing with products referred to in this MSDS do so at their own risk. We accept no liability whatsoever for damage or injury however caused arising from use of this information or of suggestions contained herein.

# **POLICE AND FIRE BRIGADE:**

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For further safety information contact Denis Brown at MOLYTEC AUSTRALIA on:

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### Disclaimer

The information contained within this MSDS applies only to the MOLYTEC product to which the sheet relates. The information provided is based on our best knowledge at the time of issue.

The information contained within this MSDS is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith. However no warranty is made, either express or implied, regarding its accuracy or any liability arising out of the use of the information herein or the products supplied. When used in other preparations, formulations, or in mixtures, it is necessary to ascertain whether the classification of the hazards has changed. The attention of the user is drawn to the possibility of creating other hazards when the product is used for purposes other than that for which it was recommended. In such cases a reassessment may be necessary and should be made by the user.

This safety data sheet should only be used and reproduced in order that the necessary measures are taken relating to the protection of health and safety at work.

It is the responsibility of the handlers to pass on the totality of the information contained within this document to any subsequent person(s) who will come in to contact with, handle or use this product in any way.

They should check the adequacy of the information provided within this MSDS before passing it on to their customers / staff.

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